

Structural and optical properties of CuO thin films and nanowires prepared by the sol-gel method

M. Elyagoubi^{1,2}, M. Mabrouki¹, A. Outzourhit², A. Elmansour², M. Ait ali³, A. Lachkar⁴, A. Oueriagli²

¹Laboratoire de Génie Industriel, Département de Physique, FST, Université Sultan Moulay Slimane, BP 523, Beni mellal, Maroc

²LPSCM, Département de Physique, Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, Marrakech, Maroc

³Equipe de chimie de coordination et catalyse département de chimie, Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, BP 2390, Marrakech, Maroc

⁴LSM, Département de Chimie, Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, Marrakech, Maroc

Cuprous oxide thin films and nanowires were synthesized by sol-gel method on glass and Si substrates, with zinc acetate dehydrates, isopropyl alcohol and ethanolamine as starting a material, solvent and stabilizer respectively.

Nanowires with diameters of ~50 nm have been fabricated using a Porous Anodic Alumina templates produced by a two-step anodization in 0.3 M oxalic acid solutions and at a constant voltage of 40 V.

Structural and optical characterizations of the films were carried out using X-ray diffractometer; Fourier transform infrared spectrometer and UV-VIS-NIR spectrophotometer. Morphology of the samples was investigated by scanning electron microscopy (SEM).

Keywords: CuO, Sol-gel, Thin film, Porous Anodic Alumina template, Nanowire, Structural and optical properties.